Acute Care Facility Multidrug-resistant Organisms Control Activity Assessment Tool

This form can be used to assess the program in place in acute care hospitals to control transmission of multidrug-resistant organisms (MDROs).

Element to be assessed	Assessment	Notes
General Policies, Surveillance, and Reporting		
Hospital has a list of target MDROs.	Yes No	
Consider verifying the following:		
-The list includes at least carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae		
(CRE) and Clostridium difficile infection.		
-Respondent can describe how the hospital determines which		
organisms to include on the list.		
Hospital has a surveillance program to monitor incidence of target	Yes No	
multidrug-resistant organisms (e.g., CRE).		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe how these organisms are tracked.		
Hospital uses surveillance data to implement corrective actions	Yes No	
rapidly when transmission of targeted MDROs (e.g., CRE) or		
increased rates or persistently elevated rates of healthcare-		
associated infections are detected.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Data collection method allows for timely response to identified		
problems.		
Hospital participates in regional antimicrobial resistance prevention	Yes No	
programs.		
Hospital reports required MDROs to public health.	Yes No NA	
Consider verifying the following:		
-Reports from the hospital prior to the visit are the same as lists		
generated by the hospital at the time of the visit to ensure		
complete reporting.		
Hand Hygiene	T	
Hospital has competency-based training program for hand hygiene.	Yes No	
Consider verifying the following:		
-Training is provided to all healthcare personnel, including all		
ancillary personnel not directly involved in patient care but		
potentially exposed to infectious agents (e.g., food tray handlers,		
housekeeping, volunteer personnel).		
-Training is provided upon hire, prior to provision of care at this		
hospital.		
-Training is provided at least annually.		



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-Personnel are required to demonstrate competency with hand		
hygiene following each training.		
-Hospital maintains current documentation of hand hygiene		
competency for all personnel.		
Hospital regularly audits (monitors and documents) adherence to	Yes No	
hand hygiene.		
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Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe process used for audits.		
-Respondent can describe frequency of audits.		
-Respondent can describe process for improvement when non-		
adherence is observed.		
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Hospital provides feedback from audits to personnel regarding their	Yes No	
hand hygiene performance.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondents can describe how feedback is provided.		
-Respondents can describe frequency of feedback.		
Supplies necessary for adherence to hand hygiene (e.g., soap,	Yes No	
water, paper towels, alcohol-based hand rub) are readily accessible		
in patient care areas.		
Contact Precautions		
Hospital has a list of MDROs or situations for which Contact	Yes No	
Precautions should be instituted.	103 110	
Single rooms are used preferentially for patients with target	Yes No	
MDROs.	103 110	
	Yes No	
Hospital has a competency-based training program for use of	res ino	
personal protective equipment (PPE).		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Training is provided to all personnel who use PPE.		
-Training is provided upon hire, prior to provision of care at this		
hospital.		
-Training is provided at least annually.		
-Training is provided when new equipment or protocols are		
introduced.		
-Training includes 1) appropriate indications for specific PPE		
components 2) proper donning and doffing, adjustment, and wear		
of PPE and 3) proper care and maintenance, useful life, and disposal		
of PPE.		
-Personnel are required to demonstrate competency with selection		
and use of PPE (i.e., correct technique is observed by trainer)		
following each training.		
-Hospital maintains current documentation of PPE competency for		
all personnel who use PPE.		



Hospital regularly audits (monitors and documents) adherence to	Yes No
proper PPE selection and use, including donning and doffing.	
Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe process for audits.	
-Respondent can describe frequency of audits.	
-Respondent can describe process used for improvement when	
non-adherence is observed.	
Hospital provides feedback to personnel regarding their	Yes No
performance with selection and use of PPE.	
Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe how feedback is provided.	
-Respondent can describe frequency of feedback.	
Supplies necessary for Contact Precaution adherence (e.g., gowns,	Yes No
	165 140
gloves) are available and located near point of use.	V N-
Hospital has policy to dedicate reusable medical equipment to	Yes No
patients with epidemiologically important MDROs when possible.	
Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe how this is achieved	
Minimize Use of Invasive Devices	
Patients with invasive devices (e.g., central lines, urinary catheters)	Yes No
are assessed, at least daily, for continued need for the device.	
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Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe methods used to trigger a daily	
assessment (e.g., patient safety checklist, daily rounds, nurse	
directed protocol, reminders, or stop orders).	
-Hospital routinely audits adherence to daily assessments of device	
need.	
Intra-facility Communication	
Hospital has a system in place for intra-facility communication to	Yes No
identify infectious status and isolation needs of patients prior to	
transfer to other units or shared spaces (e.g., radiology, physical	
therapy, emergency department) within the hospital.	
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Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe methods employed to ensure infectious	
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status and isolation needs are communicated with receiving units.	<u> </u>
Inter-facility Communication	T., ., .
Hospital has systems in place for inter-facility communication to	Yes No
identify infectious status and isolation needs of patients prior to	
accepting patients from other facilities.	
Consider verifying the following:	
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-Respondent can describe methods employed to ensure infectious		
status and isolation needs are obtained from transferring facilities.		
-Hospital has a system to follow-up on microbiological results (e.g.,		
cultures) that are pending at the time of transfer.		
-If the hospital identifies an infection that may be related to care		
provided at another facility (e.g., hospital, nursing home, clinic) the		
facility is notified.		
Hospital has systems in place for inter-facility communication to	Yes No	
identify infectious status and isolation needs of patients prior to	res No	
transfer to other facilities.		
transfer to other facilities.		
Consider verifying the following:		
- Respondent can describe methods employed to ensure infectious		
status and isolation needs are communicated with receiving		
facilities.		
- Hospital has a system to notify receiving facilities of		
microbiological tests (e.g., cultures) that are pending at the time of		
transfer.		
Antimicrobial Stewardship		
Hospital has an antibiotic stewardship program that meets the 7	Yes No	
CDC core elements listed below (a – g).		
Note: The antibiotic stewardship program should be assessed in		
consultation with personnel knowledgeable about antibiotic		
stewardship activities (e.g., physician or pharmacist stewardship		
lead). Responses can be obtained from or cross-checked with the		
NHSN Annual Hospital Survey Antibiotic Stewardship Practice		
questions (Q $23 - 34$) if available.		
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Consider verifying the following:		
Consider verifying the following:		
a. Hospital leadership commitment		
- Hospital has a written statement of support from		
leadership that supports efforts to improve antibiotic		
use (antibiotic stewardship) AND/OR		
- Hospital provides salary support for dedicated time for		
antibiotic stewardship activities.		
b. Program leadership (accountability)		
- There is a leader responsible for outcomes of		
stewardship activities at the hospital.		
c. Drug expertise		
- There is at least one pharmacist responsible for		
improving antibiotic use at the hospital.		
d. Act (at least one prescribing improvement action below)		
- Hospital has a policy that requires prescribers to		
document an indication for all antibiotics in the medical		
record or during order entry.		
record or during order entry.		



- Hospital has hospital-specific treatment		
recommendations, based on national guidelines and		
local susceptibility, to assist with antibiotic selection for		
common clinical conditions.		
- There is a formal procedure for all clinicians to review		
the appropriateness of all antibiotics at or after 48		
hours from the initial orders (e.g., antibiotic time out).		
- Hospital has specified antibiotic agents that need to be		
approved by a physician or pharmacist prior to		
dispensing at the hospital.		
- Physician or pharmacist reviews courses of therapy for		
specified antibiotic agents and communicates results		
with prescribers.		
e. Track		
- Hospital monitors antibiotic use (consumption)		
f. Report		
 Prescribers receive feedback by the stewardship 		
program about how they can improve their antibiotic		
prescribing.		
g. Educate		
- Stewardship program provides education to clinicians		
and other relevant staff on improving antibiotic use.		
Laboratory Notification		
Hospital has mechanisms for timely notification of responsible staff	Yes No	
(e.g., infection prevention, clinicians) by the clinical microbiology		
laboratory when novel or targeted MDROs are detected.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe notification mechanism.		
Identifying Patients at Risk for Novel Resistance		
Hospital has system in place for early detection and management of	Yes No	
patients at risk for MDROs, including rapid isolation as appropriate.		
At a minimum this should include identifying patients with a history		
of overnight hospital stays outside the United States within the past		
six to twelve months.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Travel history is included as part of admission protocols.		
Identifying Patients with Prior MDROs		
Hospital has system to identify (and flag) patients with targeted	Yes No	
MDROs at readmission so appropriate precautions can be applied.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe this process.		
Access to Screening Cultures		



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outside laboratory to screening cultures to support response	
activities. At a minimum this should include the ability to screen	
patients for methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus,	
vancomycin-resistant <i>S. aureus</i> , and CRE.	
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Consider verifying the following:	
-Respondent can describe access to these tests.	
Avoiding Exposure to Water	1
	No
	NO
medications and medical equipment to tap water.	
Consider verifying the following:	
Consider verifying the following:	
-Policies and practices forbidding medication preparation around	
sinks and other water sources.	
-Daily cleaning of surfaces around sinks and other water sources	
within patient rooms to decrease the burden of organisms in these	
areas.	
-Policies and practices that discourage the storage of equipment	
and supplies on surfaces around sinks and other water sources.	
Environmental Cleaning	
Hospital has a competency-based training program for Yes	No
environmental cleaning.	
Consider verifying the following:	
-Training is provided to all personnel who clean and disinfect	
patient care areas. Personnel may include, but are not limited to,	
environmental services staff, nurses, nursing assistants, and	
technicians.	
-Training is provided upon hire, prior to being allowed to perform	
environmental cleaning.	
-Training is provided at least annually.	
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-Training is provided when new equipment or protocols are	
introduced.	
-Personnel are required to demonstrate competency with	
environmental cleaning (i.e., correct technique is observed by	
trainer) following each training	
-Hospital maintains current documentation of competency with	
environmental cleaning procedures for all personnel who clean and	
disinfect patient care areas.	
-If the hospital contracts environmental services, the contractor has	
a comparable training program.	
a comparable training program.	No
a comparable training program.	No



scanners, point-of-care devices, mobile work stations, code carts, airway boxes).		
Hospital has protocols to ensure that healthcare personnel can readily identify equipment that has been properly cleaned and disinfected and is ready for patient use (e.g., tagging system, placement in dedicated clean area).	Yes No	
Hospital regularly audits (monitors and documents) adherence to cleaning and disinfection procedures, including use of products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions (e.g., dilution, storage, shelf-life, contact time).	Yes No	
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe process used for audits (e.g., monitoring		
technology, direct observation).		
-Respondent can describe frequency of audits.		
-Respondent can describe process for improvement when non-		
adherence is observed.		
Hospital provides feedback from audits to personnel regarding their	Yes No	
adherence to cleaning and disinfection procedures.		
Consider verifying the following:		
-Respondent can describe how feedback is provided.		
-Respondent can describe frequency of feedback.		

