

Form Approved OMB No. 0920-0666 Exp. Date: 12/31/2027 www.cdc.gov/nhsn

January 2025

## Outpatient Dialysis Center Practices Survey

Complete this survey as described in the Dialysis Event Protocol.

**Instructions:** This survey is only for dialysis centers that provide in-center hemodialysis. If your center offers only home dialysis, please complete the Home Dialysis Center Practices Survey. Complete one survey per center. Surveys are completed for the current year. It is strongly recommended that the survey is completed in February of each year by someone who works in the center and is familiar with current practices within the center. Complete the survey based on the actual practices at the center, not necessarily the center policy, if there are differences. Please submit your responses to the questions in this survey electronically by logging into your NHSN facility.

*required t	*required to Save as Complete				
	Facility ID #: *Survey Year:				
*ESRD Ne	twork #:				
Dialysis C	enter Information				
*1.	What is the ownership of your dialysis center? (choose one)				
	□ Government □ Not for profit □ For profit				
*2.	a. What is the location/hospital affiliation of your dialysis center? (choose one)				
	□ Freestanding □ Hospital based				
	□ Freestanding but owned by a hospital				
	h If heavital hazad as heavital assessed is very contant officiated with a tapaking heavital?				
	b. If hospital-based or hospital-owned, is your center affiliated with a teaching hospital? □ Yes □ No				
*3.	Is your facility accredited by an organization other than CMS? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
J.	13 your racinty accredited by an organization other than owner.				
	a. If yes, specify (choose one)				
	□ National Dialysis Accreditation Commission (NDAC)				
	□ Accreditation Commission for Health Care (ACHC)				
	□ Other (specify)				
*4.	a. What types of dialysis services does your center offer? (select all that apply):				
	☐ In-center daytime hemodialysis ☐ Home Peritoneal Dialysis ☐ Home Hemodialysis ☐ In-center nocturnal hemodialysis ☐ In-center Peritoneal Dialysis				
	☐ In-center nocturnal hemodialysis ☐ In-center Peritoneal Dialysis				
	b. What patient population does your center serve? (select one)				
	□ Adult only □ Pediatric only □ Mixed: adult and pediatric				
*5.	How many in-center hemodialysis stations does your center have?				
5.	How many in-center hemodialysis stations does your center have?				
*6.	Is your center part of a group or chain of dialysis centers? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
0.	10 your contain part of a group of chairful diarysis contains:				
	a. If yes, what is the name of the group or chain?				
*7.	Do you (the person primarily responsible for collecting data for this survey) perform patient care in the				
	dialysis center? ☐ Yes ☐ No				

Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 150 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS H21-8, Atlanta, GA 30333, ATTN:PRA (0920-0666).

*8.	Is there someone at your dialysis center in charge of infection control training or oversight?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	<ul> <li>a. If yes, which best describes this person? (if &gt;1 person in charge, select all that apply):</li> <li>Regional infection control staff</li> <li>Hospital-affiliated oversight</li> <li>Dialysis nurse or nurse manager</li> <li>Dialysis center administrator or director</li> <li>Dialysis education specialist</li> <li>Patient care technician</li> <li>Other, specify:</li> </ul>				
*0					
*9.	In the past year, has your clinic been cited for infection control breaches in a state/certification/recertification survey?□ Yes □ No				
*10.	Does your center provide dialysis services within long-term care facilities (e.g., staff-assisted dialysis in nursing homes or skilled nursing facilities; not long-term acute care hospitals)?  □ Yes □ No				
	a. If yes, which dialysis services are provided within long-term care facilities? (check all that apply):  □ Hemodialysis in LTC □ Peritoneal Dialysis in LTC				
*11.	Which staff are responsible for ensuring permanent vascular access placement and maintenance? (to decrease CVC use in hemodialysis patients) (select all that apply)?				
	<ul> <li>□ Dedicated vascular access coordinator</li> <li>□ Nephrologist who oversees patient education and coordinates patient care related to vascular access</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>□ Relationship with or access to a surgeon skilled in access placement (or a process to refer patients to a surgeon that is skilled in access placement)</li> <li>□ Cannulation expert</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>□ Relationship with or access to interventional nephrologists or interventional radiologist</li> <li>□ Other, specify:</li> <li>□ None</li> </ul>				
*12.	Does your center reuse dialyzers for any patients? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Isolation a	and Screening				
*13.	Does your center have the capacity to isolate patients with hepatitis B?  ☐ Yes, use hepatitis B isolation room ☐ Yes, use hepatitis B isolation ☐ No hepatitis B isolation				
*14.	Are patients routinely isolated or cohorted for treatment within your center for any of the following pathogens? (if yes, select all that apply)  No, none Hepatitis C Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus (VRE) Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus Clostridioides difficile (C. diff.) Any carbapenem- resistant organism [(i.e., carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales (CRE), carbapenem-resistant Acinetobacter (CRAB), carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa (CRPA)] Candida auris Other, specify:				

*15.	Are patients routinely assessed for conditions that might warrant additional infection control precautions, such as infected wounds with drainage, fecal incontinence or diarrhea?  □ Yes □ No				
	If yes:  a. When does this assessment most often occur? (select one)  □ Before the patient enters the treatment area (e.g., at check-in or in the waiting room)  □ Once the patient is seated in the treatment station  □ Other (specify)				
	b. Do you isolate or cohort these patients? □ Yes □ No				
*16	Does your center routinely screen patients for latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) on admission to your center?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	If yes:  a. What method is used to screen? (select all that apply)  □ Tuberculin Skin Test (TST)  □ Blood Test □ Other (specify)				
*17	Does your facility have an airborne infection isolation room (AIIR) to isolate patients infected with pathogens that are transmitted through the airborne route (for example, active tuberculosis)?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	ecords and Surveillance				
*18	Does your center maintain records of the <b>station</b> where each patient received their hemodialysis treatment for every treatment session? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
*19.	Does your center maintain records of the <b>machine</b> used for each patient's hemodialysis treatment for every treatment session?				
*20.	If a patient from your center was hospitalized, how often is your center able to determine if a bloodstream infection contributed to their hospital admission?  □ Always □ Often □ Sometimes □ Rarely □ Never □ N/A − not pursued				
*21.	How often is your center able to obtain a patient's microbiology lab records from a hospitalization?  □ Always □ Often □ Sometimes □ Rarely □ Never □ N/A – not pursued				
Detient C					
*22.	Was your center operational during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7)?				
	□ Yes □ No				
*23.	How many MAINTENANCE, NON-TRANSIENT ESRD and AKI PATIENTS were assigned to your center during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7)?				
	Of these, indicate the number who received: a. In-Center Hemodialysis: a1. No. of pediatric patients: b. Home Hemodialysis:				
	b1. No. of pediatric patients:				

	c. Peritoneal Dialysis:				
	c1. No. of pediatric patients:				
*24.	Based on the number of patients that were treated in the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7), please indicate the number of patients per Race:				
	a. American Indian/Alaska Native:				
	b. Black or African American:				
	c. Asian:				
	d. Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander: e. White:				
	f. More than one Race:				
	g. Unknown:				
	h. Declined to response:				
	Th. Decimed to response.				
*25.	Based on the number of patients that were treated in the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7),				
	please indicate the number of patients per Ethnic group:				
	a. Hispanic or Latino:				
	b. Not Hispanic or Latino:				
	c. Unknown:				
	d. Declined to respond:				
Staff					
*26.	How many patient care STAFF (full time, part time, or affiliated) worked in your center during the fir				
	week of February (2/1 through 2/7)? Include only staff who had direct contact with dialysis patients or equipment:  Of these, how many were in each of the following categories?  a. Nurse/nurse assistant: e. Dietitian:  b. Dialysis patient-care technician: f. Physicians/physician assistant:  c. Dialysis biomedical technician: g. Nurse practitioner:				
	d. Social worker: h. Other:				
*27.	Of the patient care staff members counted in question 26, how many received:				
	a. A completed series of hepatitis B vaccine (ever)?				
	b. The influenza (flu) vaccine for the current/most recent flu season?				
	c. Annual COVID-19 vaccine				
*28.	Doog your center use standing orders to allow nurses to administer any of the vaccines mentioned				
20.	Does your center use standing orders to allow nurses to administer any of the vaccines mentioned above to patients without a specific physician order?				
	above to patients without a specific physician order:				
*29.	Does your center have a respiratory program for annual fit testing on your healthcare personnel?				
	□ Yes □ No				
	If yes:				
	a. Which staff do you fit test? (select all that apply)				
	□ Nurse/Nurse Assistant □ Dietitian				
	□ Dialysis Patient-Care Technician □ Physicians/Physician Assistant				
	□ Dialysis Biomedical Technician □ Nurse Practitioner				
	□ Social Worker □ Other:				
	b. How many nations care staff did your contar have fit tooted this year?				
	b. How many patient care staff did your center have fit tested this year?				

In Center	Hemodialysis Patients
*30.	Number of maintenance, non-transient ESRD and AKI <u>In-Center Hemodialysis</u> patients that were assigned to your center during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7):
*31.	Of the maintenance, non-transient In-Center Hemodialysis patients in question #30, how many received hemodialysis through each of the following access types during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7)?  a. AV fistula: b. AV graft: c. Tunneled central line: d. Non-tunneled central line: e. Other vascular access device (e.g., HeRO®):
*32.	Does your dialysis facility perform buttonhole cannulation for In-Center Hemodialysis patients?    Yes
	a.
*33.	Which type of pneumococcal vaccine does your center offer to In-Center Hemodialysis patients? (choose one)  New Conjugate (PCV20) only New Conjugate (PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23) Both New Conjugate (Either PCV20 or PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23) Other (please specify) Neither offered
*34.	Of the In-Center Hemodialysis patients in question #30, how many received:

	a. A completed series of hepatitis B vaccine (ever)?				
	b. The influenza (flu) vaccine for the current/most recent flu season? c. At least one dose of pneumococcal vaccine (ever)?				
	d. Annual COVID-19 vaccine				
*35.	Of the MAINTENANCE, NON-TRANSIENT ESRD and AKI <u>In-Center Hemodialysis</u> PATIENTS in question #30:				
	a. How many were hepatitis B surface <b>ANTIGEN</b> (HBsAg) positive in the first week of February?				
	i. Of these patients who were hepatitis B surface <b>ANTIGEN</b> (HBsAg) positive in the first week of February, how many were positive when first admitted to your center?				
	b. How many patients converted from hepatitis B surface <b>ANTIGEN</b> (HBsAg) negative to positive during the prior 12 months (i.e., in the past year, how many patients had newly acquired hepatitis B virus infection; not as a result of vaccination)? Do not include patients				
	who were antigen positive before they were first dialyzed in your center:				
*36.	In the past year, has your center had ≥1 <u>In-Center Hemodialysis</u> patient who reverse seroconverted (i.e., had evidence of resolved hepatitis B infection followed by reappearance of Hepatitis B surface antigen)?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
*37.	Does your center routinely screen In-Center Hemodialysis patients for Hepatitis C antibody (anti-HCV) on admission to your center? (Note: This is NOT hepatitis B core antibody)  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
*38.	Does your center routinely screen <u>In-Center Hemodialysis</u> patients for Hepatitis C antibody (anti-HCV) at any other time?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	a. If yes, how frequently? □ Twice annually □ Other, specify:				
*39.	Of the MAINTENANCE, NON-TRANSIENT ESRD and AKI <u>In-Center Hemodialysis</u> patients in question #30:  a. How many were hepatitis C antibody positive in the first week of February?				
	Of these patients who were hepatitis C antibody positive in the first week of February, how many were positive when first admitted to your center?				
	b. How many patients converted from hepatitis C antibody negative to positive during the prior 12 months (i.e., in the past year, how many patients had newly acquired hepatitis C infection)? Do not include patients who were anti-HCV positive before they were first dialyzed in your center:				
Peritonea	eritoneal Dialysis (PD) Patients				
*40.	Number of maintenance, non-transient ESRD and AKI <u>Peritoneal Dialysis</u> patients that were assigned to your center during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7):				

*41.	Which type of pneumococcal vaccine does your center offer to <b>Peritoneal Dialysis</b> patients? (choose one)				
	□ New Conjugate (PCV20) only □ New Conjugate (PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23) □ Both New Conjugate (Either PCV20 or PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23) □ Other (please specify) □ Neither offered				
*42.	Of the Peritoneal Dialysis patients in question #40, how many received:  a. A completed series of hepatitis B vaccine (ever)?  b. The influenza (flu) vaccine for the current/most recent flu season?  c. At least one dose of pneumococcal vaccine (ever)?  d. Annual COVID-19 vaccine				
*43.	Which of the following infections in your <a href="Peritoneal Dialysis">Peritoneal Dialysis</a> patients does your center routinely track? (select all that apply)  □ Peritonitis □ Exit site infection □ Tunnel infection □ Other (specify)				
*44.	For Peritoneal Dialysis catheters, is antimicrobial ointment routinely applied to the exit site during dressing change?  Yes No  a. If yes, what type of ointment is most commonly used? (select one)  Gentamicin  Mupirocin  Povidone-iodine  Bacitracin/polymyxin B (e.g., Polysporin®)  Bacitracin/neomycin/polymyxin B (triple antibiotic)  Bacitracin/gramicidin/polymyxin B (Polysporin® Triple)  Other, specify:				
Home Hei	modialysis Patients				
*45.	Number of maintenance, non-transient ESRD and AKI <u>Home Hemodialysis</u> patients that were assigned to your center during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7):				
*46.	Of the Home Hemodialysis patients counted in question #45, how many received hemodialysis through each of the following access types during the first week of February (2/1 through 2/7)?  a. AV fistula: b. AV graft: c. Tunneled central line: d. Non-tunneled central line: e. Other vascular access device (e.g., HeRO®):				
*47.	Does your dialysis facility utilize buttonhole cannulation techniques for <u>Home Hemodialysis</u> patients?  ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	a. Of the AV fistula patients from question #46a, how many had buttonhole cannulation?				
	b. When buttonhole cannulation is performed for <u>Home Hemodialysis</u> patients: i. Who most often performs it? □ Nurse				
	□ Patient (self-cannulation)				

	□ Technician □ Other, specify:					
	ii. Before buttonhole cannulation, what is the buttonhole site most often prepped with? (select the one most commonly used)  □ Alcohol □ Chlorhexidine without alcohol □ Chlorhexidine with alcohol (e.g., Chloraprep™, PDI Prevantics®) □ Povidone-iodine (or tincture of iodine) □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) without alcohol □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) followed by alcohol □ Other, specify: □ Nothing					
	iii. Is antimicrobial ointment (e.g., mupirocin) routinely used at buttonhole cannulation sites to <b>prevent</b> infection? □ Yes □ No					
*48.	Which type of pneumococcal vaccine does your center offer to <a href="Home Hemodialysis">Home Hemodialysis</a> patients? (choose one)					
	<ul> <li>□New Conjugate (PCV20) only</li> <li>□ New Conjugate (PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23)</li> <li>□ Both New Conjugate (Either PCV20 or PCV15) and Polysaccharide (PPSV23)</li> <li>□ Other (please specify)</li> <li>□ Neither offered</li> </ul>					
*49.	Of the Home Hemodialysis patients from question #45, how many received:  a. A completed series of hepatitis B vaccine (ever)?  b. The influenza (flu) vaccine for the current/most recent flu season?  c. At least one dose of pneumococcal vaccine (ever)?  d. Annual COVID-19 vaccine					
*50.	Which of the following events in your <a href="Hemodialysis">Home Hemodialysis</a> patients does your center routinely track?  (select all that apply)  Bloodstream infection Needle/access dislodgement Catheter breakage or bloodline separation  Under (specify)  Other (specify)					
Priming P	ractices					
*51.	Does your center use hemodialysis machine Waste Handling Option (WHO) ports?  ☐ Yes ☐ No					
*52.	Are any patients in your center "bled onto the machine" or do you "hold prime" (i.e., where blood is used to expel saline in the lines prior to treatment start)?  □ Yes □ No					
	Practices					
*53.	What form of erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA) are most often used in your center?  □ Single-dose vial □ Pre-packaged syringe □ N/A					
*54.	Where are medications most commonly drawn into syringes to prepare for patient administration?  (choose one)  At the individual dialysis stations  On a mobile medication cart within the treatment area  At a fixed location within the patient treatment area (e.g., at nurses' station)  At a fixed location removed from the patient treatment area (not a room)					

	☐ In a separate medication room				
	□ In a pharmacy				
	□ Other, specify:				
*55.	Do technicians administer any IV medications or infusates (e.g., heparin, saline) in your center?				
	□ Yes □ No				
*56.	What form of saline flush is most commonly used?				
	☐ Manufacturer pre-filled saline syringes				
	☐ Flushes are drawn from single-use saline vials				
	☐ Flushes are drawn from multi-dose saline vials				
	☐ Flushes are drawn from the patient's designated saline bag used for dialysis				
	☐ Flushes are drawn from the patient's dialysis circuit				
	☐ Flushes are drawn from a common saline bag used for all patients				
	□ Other (specify):				
Antibiotic	Use				
*57.	Does your center use the following means to restrict or ensure appropriate antibiotic use?				
	a. Have a written policy on antibiotic use ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	b. Formulary restrictions ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	c. Antibiotic use approval process □ Yes □ No				
	d. Automatic stop orders for antibiotics ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	·				
*58.	In your center, how often are antibiotics administered for a suspected bloodstream infection before				
	blood cultures are drawn (or without performing blood cultures)?				
	□ Always □ Often □ Sometimes □ Rarely □ Never				
*59.	Does your center routinely test the following whenever a patient has a pyrogenic reaction?				
	a. Patient blood culture				
	b. Dialysate from the patient's dialysis machine				
Preventio	n Activities				
*60.	Has your center participated in any national or regional infection prevention-related initiatives in the				
	past year?				
	□ Yes □ No				
	a. If yes, what is the primary focus of the initiative(s)? (if >1 initiative, select all that apply)				
	☐ Catheter reduction				
	□ Hand hygiene				
	□ Bloodstream infection prevention				
	□ Patient education/engagement for infection prevention				
	☐ Increase vaccination rates				
	□ Decrease/improve use of antibiotics				
	☐ Improve general infection control practices				
	□ Improve culture of safety				
	☐ Other, specify:				
	- , I , <u> </u>				
	b. If yes, is your center actively participating in any of the following prevention initiatives (select all				
	that apply):				
	□ CDC Making Dialysis Safer for Patients Coalition – facility-level participation				
	☐ CDC Making Dialysis Safer for Patients Coalition – racinty-level participation ☐ CDC Making Dialysis Safer for Patients Coalition – corporate or other organization-level				
	participation				
	☐ The Standardizing Care to improve Outcomes in Pediatric End Stage Renal Disease (SCOPE)				
	Collaborative Peritoneal Dialysis Catheter-related Infection Project				
	□ SCOPE Collaborative Hemodialysis Access-related Infection Project				
	□ None of the above				
	□ Other (please specify)				

*61.	a. What education do you provide to patients in your center when they start dialysis? (check all that apply):    Vascular access care
*62.	Which of the following CDC Core Interventions does your center apply for prevention of blood stream infections? (Check all that apply)  Surveillance and feedback using NHSN Hand hygiene observations Catheter/vascular access care observations Staff education and competency Patient education/engagement Catheter reduction Chlorhexidine with alcohol Catheter hub disinfection Antimicrobial ointment Chlorhexidine-impregnated dressing None
*63.	Does your center provide training for staff on infection prevention and control at least once annually?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
*64.	Does your center perform staff knowledge assessments for infection prevention and control annually (or more frequently)?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
*65.	Does your center perform hand hygiene audits of staff monthly (or more frequently)?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
*66.	Does your center perform observations of staff vascular access care and catheter accessing practices quarterly (or more frequently)? ☐ Yes ☐ No
*07	
*67.	Does your center perform staff competency assessments for vascular access care and catheter accessing annually (or more frequently)? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Arteriove	nous (AV) Fistulas or Grafts			
*68.	Before prepping the fistula or graft site for cannulation, what is the access site most often cleansed with (either by patients or staff upon entry to the clinic)?  Soap and water Alcohol-based hand rub Antiseptic wipes Other, specify: Nothing			
*69.	Before cannulation of a fistula or graft, what is the skin most often prepped with? (select one)  □ Alcohol □ Chlorhexidine without alcohol □ Chlorhexidine with alcohol (e.g., Chloraprep™, PDI Prevantics®) □ Povidone-iodine (or tincture of iodine) □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) without alcohol □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) followed by alcohol □ Other, specify:			
Hemodial	ysis Catheters			
*70.	Before accessing the hemodialysis catheter, what are the catheter hubs most commonly prepped with? (select one)  □ Alcohol □ Chlorhexidine without alcohol □ Chlorhexidine with alcohol (e.g., Chloraprep™, PDI Prevantics®) □ Povidone-iodine (or tincture of iodine) □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., Alcavis) without alcohol □ Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., Alcavis) followed by alcohol □ Other, specify: □ Nothing			
*71.	Are hemodialysis catheter hubs routinely scrubbed after the cap is removed and before accessing the catheter (or before accessing the catheter via a needleless connector device, if one is used)?  □ Yes □ No			
*72.	When the hemodialysis catheter dressing is changed, what is the exit site (i.e., place where the catheter enters the skin) most commonly prepped with? (select one)  Alcohol  Chlorhexidine without alcohol  Chlorhexidine with alcohol (e.g., Chloraprep™, PDI Prevantics®)  Povidone-iodine (or tincture of iodine)  Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) without alcohol  Sodium hypochlorite solution (e.g., ExSept®, Alcavis) followed by alcohol  Other, specify:  Nothing			

*73.	For hemodialysis catheters, is antimicrobial ointment routinely appl change?  ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A – chlorhexidine-impregnate			
	a. If yes, what type of ointment is most commonly used? (select or  Bacitracin/gramicidin/polymyxin B (Polysporin® Triple) Bacitracin/polymyxin B (e.g., Polysporin®) Bacitracin/neomycin/polymyxin B (triple antibiotic) Other, specify: Gentamicin Mupirocin Povidone-iodine	ne)		
*74.	Who most often accesses hemodialysis catheters for treatment in your center? (select one)  □ Nurse □ Technician □ Other, specify:			
*75.	Who most often performs hemodialysis exit site care in your center? (select one)  □ Nurse □ Technician □ Other, specify:			
*76.	Are antimicrobial lock solutions used to prevent hemodialysis cather □ Yes, for all catheter patients □ Yes, for some catheter patients		our center?	
	a. If yes, which lock solution is most commonly used? (select one)  □ Sodium citrate □ Gentamycin □ Vancomycin □ Taurolidine □ Ethanol □ Taurolidine and heparin (Defencath™) □ Multi-component lock solution or other, specify:			
*77.	Are needleless closed connector devices (e.g., Tego®, Q-Syte™) u your center? ☐ Yes ☐ No	used on hemodialy	sis catheters in	
	<ul> <li>a. If yes, for which patients:</li> <li>In-center hemodialysis patients only</li> <li>Home hemodialysis patients only</li> <li>Both</li> </ul>			
*78.	Are any of the following routinely used for hemodialysis catheters in	n your center? (se	lect all that	
	apply) Chlorhexidine dressing (e.g., Biopatch®, Tegaderm™ CHG) Other antimicrobial dressing (e.g., silver-impregnated) Antiseptic-impregnated catheter cap/port protector: 3M™ Curos™ Disinfecting Port Protectors ClearGuard® HD end caps Antimicrobial-impregnated hemodialysis catheters	□ Yes □ Yes □ Yes □ Yes □ Yes	□ No □ No □ No □ No □ No □ No	
*79.	Does your center provide in-center hemodialysis catheter patients of catheter dressings outside the dialysis center?  ☐ Yes, routinely for all or most patients with a catheter ☐ Yes, only for select patients with a catheter ☐ No	with supplies to all	ow for changing	
*80.	a. Does your center educate patients with hemodialysis catheters catheter? (select the best response)  ☐ Yes, routinely for all or most patients with a catheter	on how to shower	with the	

	<ul> <li>Yes, only for select patients with a catheter</li> <li>No, patients with hemodialysis catheters are instructed against showering</li> <li>No, education and instructions are not provided on this topic</li> <li>b. Does your center provide hemodialysis catheter patients with a protective catheter cover (e.g., Shower Shield®, Cath Dry™) to allow them to shower?</li> <li>Yes, routinely for all or most patients with a catheter</li> <li>Yes, only for select patients with a catheter</li> </ul>
	□ No
Comments:	
Disclaimer: Use of trade names and commercial sources is for identification only and does not imply endorsement.	